PREPARED BY: DATE

N. Charla Jeb. 09, 2009

APPROVED BY: DATE

L. Janaka Fiel. 09, 2009

SHARP

MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL
DISPLAY GROUP
SHARP CORPORATION
SPECIFICATION

SPEC No.	LCY-08041C
FILE No.	· - · · ·
ISSUE:	Feb. 09. 2009
PAGE:	20 pages

MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY DIVISION IV

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

TFT-LCD module

MODEL No. LQ092B5DW01

PART No. 8 928 554 017

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	•
DATE	
	PRESENTED
BY	BY J. Rawanishi J.KAWANISHI
	Department General manager
	Engineering Department
	Mobile Liquid Crystal Display Division IV

Mobile Liquid Crystal Display Group

SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No:LQ092B5DW01

SPEC No.	Date	NO.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
LCY-08041	2008. 4. 28		-	-	1st Issue
LCY-08041A	2008. 9. 24	A	19	Drawing change	2nd Issue
				LCM-06019H → LCM-06019J	
			[Deletion of the 8th line of LED LPC	
				Change of the hole size of rear case	
LCY-08041B	2008.12.01	В	12	Add and revise the optical characteristics	3rd Issue
				- Viewing angle range	
				- White Luminance uniformity	
				- Gamma value	
				- Chromaticity (off-state)	
LCY-08041C	2009.02.09	С	12	Revise the optical characteristics	4th Issue
				- White Luminance	
				(Y)min.750cd/m ² => 810 cd/m ² ,	
				typ.1000 cd/m ² => 1055 cd/m ²	
			1		
			1		
			1		
			1		
			1		
			 		
			 		
			 		
			 		

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1. General

This TFT-LCD module is a color active matrix LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) module of transmissive type incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor).

It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control-PWB, FPC, frame, shielding front case, shielding back case and LED-backlight unit. (Driving circuit for LED-backlight is excluded.)

2. Features

- The 9.2 screen produces a high resolution image that is composed of 153,600 pixels elements in a stripe arrangement.
- Possible to indicate 262,144 colors by 18 bits (6 bits x RGB) data signal.
- · Wide viewing angle technology without gray scales inversion.
- · Reduced reflection as a result of low reflection black matrix and an antiglare (AG) polarizer being adopted.
- · By COG method, realized a slim, lightweight, and compact module.
- Realized a high quality picture of the natural color appearance by adopting the ASV-Normally black Mode.
- Built-in LED backlight with the high performance of start-up in the low temperature.

3. Mechanical specifications

Table 1

Parameter	Specifications	Units	Remarks
Display format	153,600	pixels	
	$960(W) \times RGB \times 160(H)$	dots	
Active area	$230.4 \text{ (W) } \times 38.4 \text{ (H)}$	mm	
Screen size (Diagonal)	23.37[9.2 "]	cm	
Dot pitch	80.0 (W) ×240.0 (H)	μ m	
Pixel configuration	R,G,B Stripe configuration		
Outline dimension	$248.0 \text{ (W)} \times 52.83 \text{ (H)} \times 14.0 \text{ (D)}$	mm	[Note 1-1]
Mass	$225~\pm~10$	g	

[Note 1-1]

Excluding protrusions. Typical values are given.

For detailed measurements and tolerances, refer to Fig. 2, Outline Dimensions.

4.Input terminal

4-1)TFT-LCD panel driving part

Connector used: FH28-40S-0.5SH(05) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

Table 2

Table	·	I –	<u> </u>
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remarks
1	GND	Ground	
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	
3	GND	Ground	
4	R0	Red data signal (LSB)	
5	R1	Red data signal	
6	R2	Red data signal	
7	R3	Red data signal	
8	R4	Red data signal	
9	R5	Red data signal (MSB)	
10	GND	Ground	
11	G0	Green data signal (LSB)	
12	G1	Green data signal	
13	G2	Green data signal	
14	G3	Green data signal	
15	G4	Green data signal	
16	G5	Green data signal (MSB)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	B0	Blue data signal (LSB)	
19	B1	Blue data signal	
20	B2	Blue data signal	
21	B3	Blue data signal	
22	B4	Blue data signal	
23	B5	Blue data signal (MSB)	
24	GND	Ground	
25	Hsync	Horizontal Sync	[Note2-1]
26	DataEn / ENAB	Data Enable	
27	Vsync	Vertical Sync	[Note2-1]
28	GND	Ground	
29	SCK	Clock signal for serial interface	[Note2-2]
30	SDI	Data signal for serial interface	[Note2-2]
31	WC	EEPROM write protect signal for serial interface	[Note2-2]
32	SCS	Chip select signal for serial interface	[Note2-2]
33	GND	Ground	
34	GND	Ground	
35	Reset	Reset of timing controller	
36	VCC	+3.3V Power Supply	
37	VCC	+3.3V Power Supply	
38	VCC	+3.3V Power Supply	
39	GND	Ground	
40	GND	Ground	

[Note 2-1]

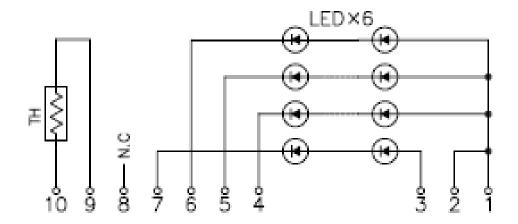
Table 3

Hsync	Positive polarity
Vsync	Positive polarity

[Note 2-2] Keep these terminals to "Hi" level 4-2) LED backlight driving part

Table 4

No.	Symbol	function	Remarks
1	Anode	White LED anode terminal	[Note4-1]
2	Anode	White LED anode terminal	[Note4-1]
3	Anode Red	Red LED anode terminal	[Note4-1]
4	Cathode1	LED cathode terminal 1	[Note4-1]
5	Cathode2	LED cathode terminal 2	[Note4-1]
6	Cathode3	LED cathode terminal 3	[Note4-1]
7	Cathode Red	Red LED cathode terminal	[Note4-1]
8	NC		
9	NTC	Thermal sensor for LED	[Note4-2]
10	GND	Ground	



[Note 4-1]

Number of White LED Parallel: 3 chains Series: 6 pcs

Number of Red LED 1 chain Series: 6 pcs

[Note 4-2]

NTC: NSM3302J410J3 (OHIZUMI MFG. CO.,LTD.)

5. Absolute maximum ratings

Table 5 GND = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Unit	Note
Input voltage	VI	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V	[Note 5-1]
+3.3V power supply	VCC	-0.3	+4.6	V	
White LED forward current	IFw	-	150	mA	[Note 5-2]
Red LED forward current	IFr	-	50	mA	[Note 5-2]
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40	90	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	[Note 5-3,4]
Operating temperature (panel surface)	Topr1	-30	85	$^{\circ}$	[Note 5-3,4,5]
Operating temperature (ambient temperature)	Topr2	-30	70	$^{\circ}$	[Note 5-6]

- [Note 5-1] DCLK,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,Hsync,Vsync,DataEn
- [Note 5-2] LED ambient temperature : 25° C
- [Note 5-3] This rating applies to all area of panel surface and should not be exceeded.
- [Note 5-4] Maximum wet-bulb temperature is 57°C. Condensation of dew must be avoided as electrical current leaks will occur, causing a degradation of performance specifications.
- [Note 5-5] The operating temperature only guarantees operation of the circuit. For contrast, speed response, and other factors related to display quality, determine operating temperature using the formula Ta=+25°C.
- [Note 5-6] In the case that ambient temperature is exceeded 58°C, LED current needs to be derated.

6.Electrical characteristics

6-1)TFT-LCD panel driving section

Table 6

Table	Table 6 $GND=0V$								
	Parameter	Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Remarks		
+3.3V	Supply voltage	Vcc	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	[Note 6-1]		
	Current dissipation	Icc	-	400	450	mA	[Note 6-2]		
Permissiv	e input ripple	Vrf	-	-	200	mVpp			
Input Low	v voltage	VIL	0	-	$0.3 \times \mathrm{Vcc}$	V	[Note 6-3]		
Input Hig	h voltage	Vih	$0.7{ imes Vcc}$	-	Vcc	V			
Low level	Input current 1	IIL1	-	-	1.0	μ A	[Note 6-4]		
High leve	l Input current 1	IIH1	-	-	1.0				
Low level	Input current 2	IIL2	•	•	3.0	μ A	[Note 6-5]		
High level Input current 2		IIH2	•	66	180				
Low level Input current 3		IIL3	-	66	180	μ A	[Note 6-6]		
High leve	l Input current 3	Іінз	-	-	3.0				

[Note 6-1]

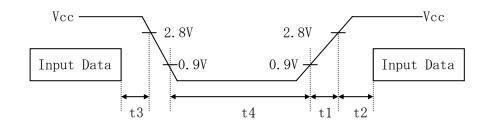
Vcc-turn-on condition

 $0 \le t1 \le 5ms$

 $0 \le t2 \le 5ms$

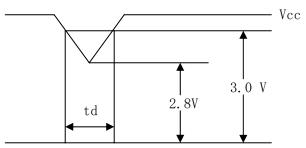
 $0 \le t3 \le 5ms$

t 4 > 1s



Vcc-dip condition

- 1) in case $2.8V \le Vcc \le 3.0, td \le 10ms$
- 2) in case $Vcc \le 2.8V$, Vcc-dip conditions Should also follow the Vcc-turn-on conditions.



[Note 6-2]

Timing: Typical Vcc : 3.3V

Situation: Black(V0) and White(V63) of 18 bits video is inverted at every 1H1V



<< situation>>

Caution> The state data is current dissipation when the supply voltage is stabilized and is not Momentary current dissipation when the supply voltage is tuened-on.

[Note 6-3] DCLK,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,Hsync,Vsync,DataEn

[Note 6-4] DCLK,R0 \sim R5,G0 \sim G5,B0 \sim B5

[Note 6-5] DataEn

[Note 6-6] Hsync, Vsync

6-2) Backlight driving section

Table 7-1 (for White LED)

Table 11 (for White BED)									
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Remarks			
Forward voltage	Vf+25	_	18.5	21.6	V	Ta=25°C,IF=100mA			
Forward voltage	Vf-30	_	_	23.1	V	Ta=-30°C,IF=100mA			
Forward current	IF	_	100	_	mA	Per terminal			
Power consumption	Wf	_	5.54	_	W	[Note7-1]			

Table 7-2 (for Red LED)

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Remarks
Forward voltage	Vf+25	ı	12.0	14.5	V	Ta=25°C,IF=33mA
Forward voltage	Vf-30	_	_	15.7	V	Ta=-30°C,IF=33mA
Forward current	IF	_	33	_	mA	
Power consumption	Wf	_	0.4	_	W	[Note7-1]

6-3) Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.1

Table 8

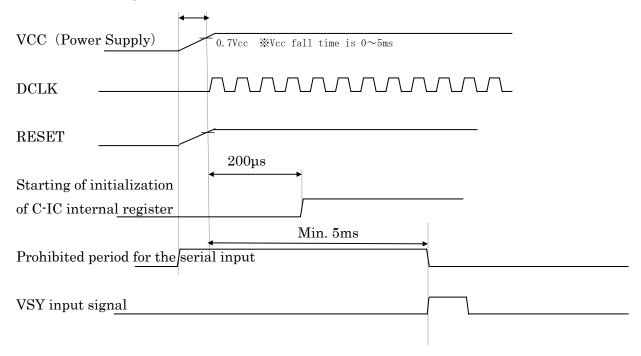
Parameter		Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Note
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	15.9	18	19.8	MHz	Frequency: 1/(THa/THb)
[DCLK]	Hi_time	Tch	12	-	-	ns	
	Lo_Time	Tel	13	-	-	ns	
Data	Setup time	Tds	5			ns	
[I*0-5]	Hold time	Tdh	5			ns	
Horizontal	Cycle	THa	(62.33)	67.48	(69.18)	μ s	
Sync.signal		THb	(1200)	1214	(1230)	ck	
[HSY]	Pulse width	ТНр	5	8	THb-5	ck	
Vertical sync.	Cycle	TV	(245)	247	270	line	
Signal [VSY]	Pulse width	TVp	2	10	TV-2	line	
	Frequency		59	60.03	61	$_{ m Hz}$	
Horizontal di	splay period	THd	-	960	-	ck	
HSY_DCLK ph	ase difference	THc	A-8	A	A+8	ns	**A=Tch (1/2DCLK)
HSY_VSY pha	ase difference	TVh	-10	0	10	ck	
Vertical displa	y invalid line	TVs	6	40	50	line	40 line (default)
Vertical disp	play period	TVd	-	160	-	Line	
Enable	Setup time	Tes	5	1	-	ns	
Signal	Hold time	Teh	5	-	-	ns	
[HENAB]	Pulse width	Тер	5	960	960	ck	
Horizontal dis		THe	160	173	244	ck	[Note8-1]
posit	tion						

[Note8-1]

Note for setting the Horizontal display starting position (The : phase difference between HSY falling HENAB rising)

Fig. 1 Input timing chart (HENAB : active)

6-4) Power On Sequence



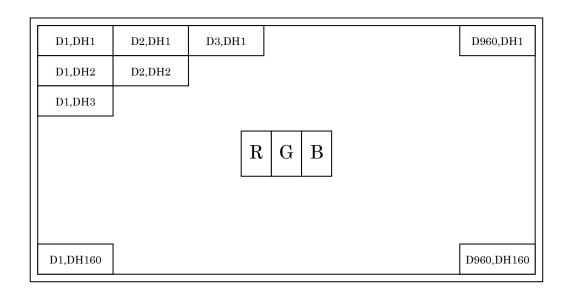
Do not input the serial signal from outside for about of 5ms, as the signal to drive DAC is made after the releasing timing of the FREST reset signal after the power on of 3.3V.

When power ON, make the sequence of "3.3V power on \rightarrow input of the input signal" as shown in the above.

When power OFF, make the reversed sequence of the power ON, i.e. release of the input signal $\rightarrow 3.3 \text{V}$ power OFF.

6-5) Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen





Display position of input data (H,V)

7. Input Signals, Basic Display Color and Gray Scale of Each Color

Colors & Colors &		· IIIpao Sig	nput Signals, basic Display Color and Gray Scale of Each Color																		
Black		Colors &	Colors &			Data signa					al 0 :Low level volt					age 1:High level voltage					
Blue		Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	В0	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5
Fig. Green 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cyan		Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magenta	В	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magenta	asic	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magenta	colo:	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
White	r	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Black		Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Comparison Com		White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Darker GS2 O 1 O O O O O O O O		Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S GS62 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	0	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S GS62 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	iray	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S GS62 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	Sca	仓	\downarrow		ullet					\downarrow					\downarrow						
S GS62 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	le of	Û	\downarrow	\downarrow				↓					\downarrow								
Red GS63 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$^{\circ}\mathrm{red}$	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black GSO O O O O O O O O O		Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Creen GS61 O O O O O O O O O		Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darker GS2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brighter GS61 0	Gr	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brighter GS61 0	ay S	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brighter GS61 0	scale	仓	\downarrow			1	\			ullet					\downarrow						
Brighter GS61 0	of g	Û	\downarrow	V					₩					\downarrow							
Green GS62 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	reer	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black GS0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	n	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Graver GS2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darker GS2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Gray Scale of bleu	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$\ \tag{GS62} \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1		仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
\$\ \tag{GS62} \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1		Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
\$\ \tag{GS62} \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1		仓	\downarrow	\downarrow				lack lack lack					\downarrow								
\$\ \tag{GS62} \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1		Û	\downarrow	V					Ψ					Ψ							
\$\ \tag{GS62} \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1 \ \ 1		Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
Bleu GS63 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
		Bleu	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	_11	1	1

0 : low level voltage 1 : high level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

8.Optical characteristics Table 9

Ta=25°C, Vcc=+3.3V

Parameter	•		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Viewing ar		ange	$\Delta \theta 11$	OD > 100	30	40	-	°(degree)	[Note 9-1,2]
_			$\Delta\theta 12$	$CR \ge 100$			-	_	
			$\Delta \theta 21$	OD > 100	35	45	-	°(degree)	
			$\Delta\theta 22$	$CR \ge 100$				_	
Contrast ra	atio		CRp	Perpendicular	700	1000	-		[Note 9-2]
Response		Rise	τr	Black=>White	-	12	20	ms	[Note 9-3]
time	0.200			worst(L0→L8)	-	55	70	ms	
	+25℃	Fall	τd	White=>Black	-	5	10	ms	
				worst(L16→L8)	-	25	30	ms	
		Rise	τr	Black=>White	-	15	20	ms	
	- 0 -			worst(L0→L8)	-	165	210	ms	
	0℃	Fall	τd	White=>Black	-	12	20	ms	
				worst(L16→L8)	-	60	80	ms	
		Rise	τr	Black=>White	-	50	70	ms	
				worst(L0→L8)	-	540	750	ms	
	-20℃	Fall	τd	White=>Black	-	45	70	ms	
				worst(L16→L8)	-	190	280	ms	
		Rise	τr	Black=>White	-	110	150	ms	
		10150		worst(L0→L8)	-	1280	1650	ms	
	-30℃	Fall	τd	White=>Black	-	110	200	ms	
			l ca	worst(L16→L8)	-	460	650	ms	
White Lun	ninar	ıce	Y	White:	810	1055	-	cd/m ²	[Note 9-4]
William Edit	iiiiai	100	-	IF=100mA	010	1000		Carin	110000 0 17
				Red:					
				IF=33mA					
White Lun	ninar	ice	-	9 point	-	1.35	1.45		[Note 9-7]
uniformity	,			Lmax / Lmin					
				White:					
 				IF=100mA					
				Red: IF=33mA					
Gamma va	luo		_	Perpendicular	1.76	2.2	2.64		[Note 9-4]
Gaiiiiia vaiue				at L31	1.70	2.2	2.04		[Note 5 4]
Chromaticit	V	1	X	White:	0.272	0.322	0.377		[Note 9-4]
	J W	hite	у	IF=100mA	0.274	0.324	0.374		
	D.	1	X	Red:	0.595	0.645	0.695		
	Re	eα	у	IF=33mA	0.266	0.316	0.366		
	C	reen	X		0.311	0.361	0.411		
	Gi	reen	у		0.502	0.552	0.602		
	RI	ue	X		0.106	0.156	0.206		
	Di	ue	у		0.094	0.144	0.194		
	Bl	ack	X		-	(0.285)	-		[Note 9-4]
			у		-	(0.288)	-		reference value
	of	f-state	X	off-state	-	(0.302)	-		[Note 9-8]
			У		-	(0.325)	-		reference value
LED +25°C			-	Continuation	10,000	-	-	hour	[Note 9-5]
life time		-30℃	-	Intermittent	2,000	-		time	[Note 9-6]

*Measure after 30 minutes of power on. The optical measurement of the characteristic is to be done in the condition which is equal to the darkroom or use the measuring method described in the following Fig.(i).

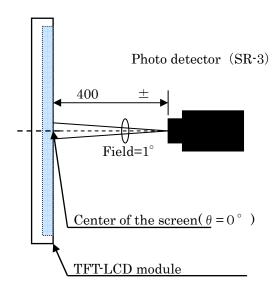


Fig.(i) Measuring method of optical characteristics

[Note 9-1] Viewing angle range is defined as follows.

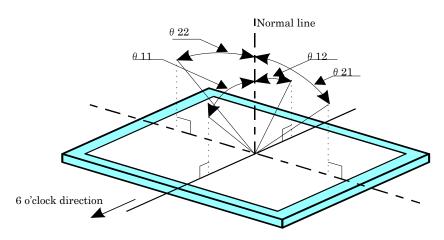


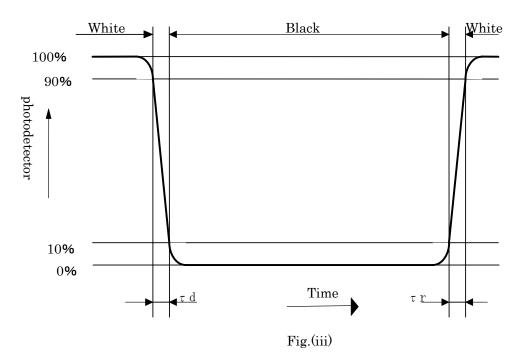
Fig.(ii) Definition for viewing angle

[Note 9-2] Contrast ratio is defined as follows:

 $\label{eq:Contrast} \mbox{Contrast ratio(CR)=} \frac{\mbox{Photo detector output with LCD being "white"}}{\mbox{Photo detector output with LCD being "black"}}$

Measured by SR-3.

[Note 9-3] Response time is obtained by measuring the transition time of photo detector output, when input signals are applied so as to make the area "black" to and from "white".

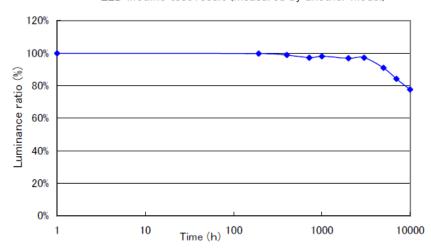


[Note 9-4] Measured on the center area of the panel at a viewing cone 1° by TOPCON luminance meter SR-3.(After 30 minutes operation)

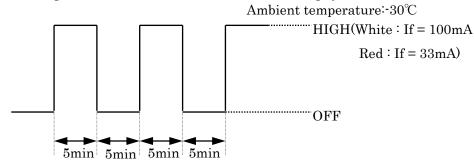
[Note 9-5] Backlight life time is defined as the time when the brightness of the panel not to become less than 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of LED forward current If(White)=100mA, If(Red)=33mA.

<Reference data>

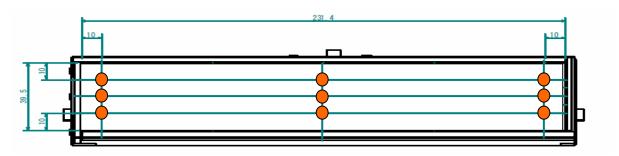




[Note 9-6] The intermittent cycles is defined as a time when brightness is not become under 50% of the original value under the condition of following cycle.



[Note 9-7] Measuring point is defined as follows.



[Note 9-8] Measuring instrument: Minolta CM-2002

Measuring condition: SCE mode, 2° , D65 light source

9. Display quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Outgoing Inspection Standards for TFT-LCD.

10. Handling instructions

- 10-1) Handling of LED-FPC
 - ①Please bend FPC only in the direction of an inner side.
 - ②Please do not hang a LCD module or do not apply excessive power for FPC.

10-2) Mounting of module

①On mounting the module, be sure to fix the module on the same plane, taking care not to wrap or twist the module.

Don't reach the pressure of touch-switches of the set side to a module directly, because images may

be disturbed

②Please power off the module when you connect the input/output connector.

10-3) Precautions in mounting

- ①Polarizer which is made of soft material and susceptible to flaw must be handled carefully. Protection sheet is applied on the surface to protect it against scratches and dirties. It is recommended to remove the protection sheet immediately before the use by taking care of static electricity.
- 2 Precautions in removing the protection sheet
 - A) Working environment

When the protection sheet is removed, static electricity may cause dust to stick to the polarizer surface.

To avoid this, the following working environment is desirable.

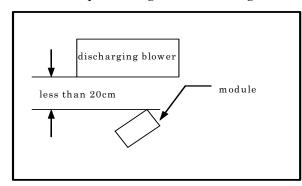
a) Floor: Conductive treatment of $1M\Omega$ or more on the tile

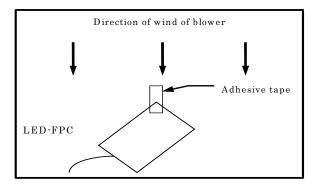
(conductive mat or conductive paint on the tile)

- b) Clean room free form dust and with an adhesive mat on the doorway
- c) Advisable humidity: $50\% \sim 70\%$ Advisable temperature: $15\% \sim 27\%$
- d) Workers shall wear conductive shoes, conductive work clothes, conductive gloves and an earth band.

B) Working procedures

- a) Direct the wind of discharging blower somewhat downward to ensure that module is blown sufficiently. Keep the distance between module and discharging blower within 20 cm.
- b) Attach adhesive tape to the protection sheet near discharging blower so as to protect polarizer against flaw.
- c) Remove the protection sheet, pulling adhesive tape slowly to your side taking 5 or more second.
- d) After removing the protection sheet, pass the module to the next work process preventing the module to get dust.





- e) Method of removing dust from polarizer
 - Blow off dust with N2 blower for which static electricity preventive measure has been taken.
 - Since polarizer is vulnerable, wiping should be avoided.

 But when the panel has stain or grease, to use adhesive tape is recommended to remove them softly from the panel.
- ③When metal part of the TFT-LCD module (shielding lid and rear case) is soiled, wipe it with soft dry cloth. For stubborn dirties, wipe the part, breathing on it.
 - Wipe off water drop or finger grease immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- **TFT-LCD** module uses glass which breaks or cracks easily if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- ⑤Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and earth your body when handling.

10-4) Caution of product design

The LCD module shall be protected against water or salt-water by the waterproof cover. Take measures against the interferential radiation from module, not to interfere surrounding appliances.

10-5) Others

- ①Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or intensive ultraviolet rays for several hours or more; liquid crystal is deteriorated by ultraviolet rays.
- ②Store the module at a temperature near the room temperature. If lower than the rated storage temperature, liquid crystal solidifies, causing the panel to be damaged. If higher than the rated storage temperature, liquid crystal turns into isotropic liquid and may not recover.
- ③If LCD panel breaks, there may be a possibility that the liquid crystal leaks out from the panel. Since the liquid crystal is injurious, do not put it into the eyes or mouth. When liquid crystal sticks to hands, feet or clothes, wash it out immediately with soap.
- ①Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.
- ⑤Be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.

11. Packing form (See Fg.3)

- a) Piling number of cartons: MAX 10
- b) Package quantity in one carton 30 pcs
- c) Carton size: 573×373×203 mm
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 8.1 kg
- e) Conditions for storage.

Environment

①Temperature: $0\sim40^{\circ}$ C

②Humidity : 60%RH or less (at 40%)

No dew condensation at low temperature and high humidity.

③Atmosphere : Harmful gas, such as acid or alkali which corrodes electronic

components and/or wires, must not be detected.

④Period : about 3 months

⑤Opening of the package: In order to prevent the LCD module from breakdown by

electrostatic charges, please control the room humidity over 50% RH and open the package taking sufficient countermeasures

against electrostatic charges, such asearth, etc.

12.Indication of lot number

①Attached location of the label : See Fig.8 (Outline Dimensions).

②Indicated contents of the label

QR code

Model NO.

LQ092B5DW01
81000001A SHARP lot No.
8 928 554 017 Bosch Parts No.

contents of lot No. the 1st figure · · production year (ex. 2008:8)

the 2nd figure \cdots production month $1,2,3,\cdots,9,X,Y,Z$

the 3rd \sim 7th figure $\,\cdot\cdot\,$ serial No. 00001 \sim the 8th figure $\,\cdot\cdot\,$ revision marks $\,$ A,B,C $\,\cdot\,\,$

13.Fab locations

Panal production: SHARP (Mie factory) — Mie Tech

LCD assembly : K Tech (Mie)

14. Reliability test

Table 10

No.	Test items	Test conditions								
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=+85℃ 240h								
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-40°C 240h								
3	High temperature And high humidity operating test	Tp=+60°C, 90%RH 240h								
4	High temperature operating test	Tp=+85℃ 240h								
5	Low temperature operating test	Ta=-30°C 240h								
6	Electro static discharge test	± 200 V, 200 pF(0 Ω) 1 times for each terminals								
7	Shock test	980m/s ² ·6ms, ±X, ±Y, ±Z 3times for each direction (JIS C0041,A-7 condition C)								
8	Vibration test	Frequency range: 8~33.3Hz, Stroke: 1.3mm								
	Vibration test	Frequency range: 33.3Hz~400Hz, Acceleration: 28.4 m/s ² Cycle: 15 minutes X,Z 2 hours for each directions, 4 hours for Y direction (total 8 hours) (JIS D1601)								
9	Heat shock test storage test	Ta=-30~+85°C , 200cycles (0.5h) (0.5h)								

Ta= Ambient temperature, Tp= Panel temperature

【Check items】 In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function.

[Note] X,Y,Z directions are shown as follows:

